HERE'S STORY

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PATIENT EMPOWERMENT

DR. MORDECHAI SHANI



y ancestors were Chassidic Jews from Poland who immigrated to Israel where I was born and educated. I studied in religious as well as in secular schools, and graduated from Hadassah Medical School of Hebrew University in 1966.

After the death of Professor Chaim Sheba, with whom I worked for a number of years, I became the director of the Sheba Medical Center at Tel HaShomer Hospital, the largest hospital in Israel with 1,700 beds, 7,000 employees and an annual budget of \$600 million a year. In my capacity as director I came to the United States periodically, and on one such occasion in 1976, a friend invited me to a farbrengen.

This proved quite an experience. It was Simchat Torah, and the *farbrengen* was attended by several thousand *chasidim*, who were dancing and joyously celebrating the holiday. But when the Rebbe walked in, everyone stood still — you could hear a pin drop. The awe and reverence with which those present held the Rebbe was palable.

At some point during the night, I was introduced to him, and he asked me why, in Israel, we called a hospital a beit holim, meaning "house of the sick." He expressed the opinion that it should be called beit refuah "house of healing." He then invited me for a discussion on the subject after the holiday.

This was arranged. The meeting proved very friendly. It wan't a formal dialogue, rather a giveand-take between two people coming from different worlds and holding sometimes similar, sometimes contrasting points of view. The conversation was conducted in a mixture of languages — in Yiddish, which I spoke a little thanks to my grandmother, in English, but mostly in Hebrew.

In his remarks, I recall that the Rebbe put an emphasis on the soul as the source of a human being's strength. He said that the stronger a person's connection is to his soul, the better he can cope with life. And he pointed out that the function of the mitzvah of visiting the sick is to help the sick person strengthen that connection to his soul.

The Rebbe also voiced an opinion that everyone has a responsibility to take care of his or her health. Yes, doctors have a role as well, but the primary responsibility lies with the individual, for those who do not take care of themselves, who do not eat well, sleep enough or exercise enough will impair their health. That's what the Rebbe said thirty years ago!

Today, there is a push in medicine toward "patient

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An oral history project dedicated to documenting the life of the Rebbe, Rabbi Menachem M. Schneerson, of righteous memory. The story is one of thousands recorded in over 1300 videotaped interviews conducted to date. These stories are based on the recollection of the individuals recounting them. Please share any corrections, comments and suggestions. mystory@jemedia.org

continued from reverse

empowerment," where we try to convince people that they have an obligation to look after their own health and not just rely on doctors. But the Rebbe held this advanced view which was hardly thought of back then. It's only become a basic rule in more recent years that preventive medicine requires the individual to take responsibility. The doctor can help, but he cannot replace the patient's own effort.

Another issue which we discussed was the place of technology in medicine. At that time, before the age of the personal computer, technology was not yet



a central nor dominant component the of medical world. The problems related to technology in medicine would not become apparent for some years to come. But the Rebbe was again forward-

Professor Mordechai Shani in his youth

thinking. He said to me, "It is up to you, the doctors, to determine the outcome; whether this technology will be used for the benefit of the people," and he expressed the worry that technology might distance the doctor from the patient: "At the end of the day, the emotional support of the doctor, the human being, is most important, and while technology can be a very helpful tool, it cannot become a replacement for listening and caring."

Unfortunately, he was right to worry. Today, for many doctors, technology has become the central tool instead of a helping tool, sometimes to the detriment of the patient.

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In conclusion, returning to the point he made at the *farbrengen*, the Rebbe offered this advice to me as a doctor and director of a hospital, "Don't sanctify illness, sanctify health. Make the hospital a place that an individual goes to to improve his health, not a place where he goes to because he is sick."

I walked out of the meeting with the Rebbe extraordinarily impressed. As someone who spends considerable time in the religious world, I can testify that it is a rare phenomenon to meet a Torah scholar who can also converse about science and medicine. But the Rebbe did more than converse; he was not merely knowledgeable — he actually foresaw how rapidly the world was moving ahead, and he anticipated the forthcoming problems which medical professionals had barely began to think about. In hindsight, I believe that meeting has had not a small influence in shaping my own thinking, my own approach to these issues and my own vision of the role of medicine in society.

Dr. Mordechai Shani served as the director of the Sheba Medical Center for 33 years. He received the Israel Prize in 2009. Presently he is Professor of Healthcare Systems at Tel Aviv University. He was interviewed in Tel Hashomer Hospital in March of 2013.

> לע"נ ר' ישראל יעקב וזוגתו מרת קריינא ע"ה לאקשין ע"י בניהם ר' נחמן ור' אברהם ומשפחתם שיחיו

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> 5748 - 1988, in a talk, the Rebbe said that the only reason why Moshiach has not yet arrived must be because Jews have not been serving Hashem joyfully enough, in spite of the troubles of exile. As "true joy" is needed to bring the redemption, the Rebbe continued, every Jew has the strength to reach this level of happiness. After this address, the Rebbe stood up in his place and encouraged the crowd in joyous singing.¹ 14 Elul

1. Toras Menachem 5748 vol. 4, Pg. 268



